# Model ATC-107 RS-232 to RS-422/485 Isolated Interface Converter User's Manual







# 1.0 General Description

The ATC-107 is a series of a bi-directional interface converters, Models ATC-107 optically isolate and convert unbalanced, full or half-duplex RS-232 signals to 0ptically isolated, balanced, full or half duplex RS-422 or RS-485 signals at baud rates up to 115.2 kbps. These units also surge suppress the RS-422/485 lines. They feature Send Data Control circuitry so no software control of handshake lines is required in RS-485 mode. ATC -107 has built-in isolators for high voltage (2500V) protection. it provides Point-to-Point, Multi drop and Simplex Operations. The ATC-107 can be powered from the DC 9V, 200mA power adapter, One slide switches are used to configure its operation mode.

# 2.0 Specifications

## 2.1 Interface

Conforms to EIA/RS-232 and RS-422/485 standards.

## 2.2 Connectors and signals

The ATC-107 has a DB-25 female connector on the RS-232 side and a terminal block connector on the RS-422/485 side RS-232 Side:

Connector: DB-25 Female.

Signals: ATC-107 will be connected into a DTE interface. Use Pins 3 (TXD)、2 (RXD) and 7 (Near side ground). Use Pin 2、4、 20 to power from ATC-107 RS-232 side.

## RS-422/485 Side:

**RS-422 Connector:** 4 position terminal block: (1)T+, (2)T-, (3)R-, (4)R+.

**RS-485 Connector:** 4 position terminal block: (1)485+, (2)485-.

Signals: Dual-duplex or Half-duplex two-wire/four-wire operation only.

## 2.3 Data Rate:

300 to 115.2 KBPS, up to 1.2km at 38.4 KBPS.

# 2.4 Sending Control

The ATC-107 can use handshake lines to power the converter, no handshaking is required to control the RS-422/RS-485 driver. the RS-485 driver is automatically enabled during each spacing state on the RS-232 side. During the marking or idle state, the RS-485 driver is disabled and the data lines are held in the marking state by the 4.7K Ohm pull-up and pull-down resistors.

# 2.5 Operating Distance

Data Rate (KBPS): 38.4 19.2 9.6 4.8 Maximum Distance (km): 1.2 2.0 2.5 3.5 (using 24 AWG wire)

## 2.6 Power

At the RS-422/485 side, ATC-107 is powered by an external power supply (+9VDC to +12VDC@200mA) by a AC/DC adapter. At the RS-232 side It powered by RS-232 signals TXD,RTS or DTR ,We only need one of these signals, the ground signals in two sides are different.

#### 2.7 Switches:

RS-422/RS-485 switch selectable for RS-422/485 operation mode. If you set ATC-107 to RS-422 mode, ATC-107 can convert the TD and RD signals of RS-232 into balanced Dual –duplex RS-422 signals. If you set ATC-107 to RS-485 mode, ATC-107 can convert the TD and RD signals of RS-232 into balanced Half –duplex RS-485 signals.

# 2.8 LED light

One LED indicates sending data to (RED) or receiving data from (GREEN) RS-422/485 bus.

## 2.9 Isolation:

Optical Isolation is rated at 2500V.

### 2.10 Dimensions:

 $79\text{mm} \times 54\text{mm} \times 20\text{mm}$ 

#### 2.11 Environment:

0\* to 50\* C, 5% to 95% relative humidity.

## 3.0 Installation

# 3.1 RS-232 and RS-485 Interface

### In the RS-232 side:

The RS-232 interface is a DB-25 female connector, It can be plug into a DTE interface.

#### In the RS-422/485 side:

Screw Terminals-The ATC-107 is supplied with 4 screw terminals marked 1(T+)/(485+)、2(T-)/(485-)、3(R-)、4(R+),.

#### 3.2 Connection Diagram

3.21 ATC-107 connecting RS-422 Device/(Four wire RS-485)

# RS-422/(Four wire RS-485) mode

ATC	C-107	RS-422 Devic
(1)	T+	R+
(2)	T	R-
(3)	R	T-
(4)	R+	T+

# 3.22 ATC-107 connecting RS-485 Device

## RS-458 mode

ATC	-107	RS-485 Device
		485+
(2)	485	485-